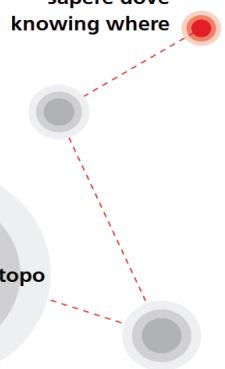




Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Confédération suisse
Confederazione Svizzera
Confederaziun svizra

Swiss Geological Survey (swisstopo)

wissen wohin
savoir où
sapere dove
knowing where



Shallow Modelling: squeezing more out of imperfect borehole and outcrop data

7th European meeting on 3D geological
modelling, April 2025, Poland



Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny
Państwowy Instytut Badawczy

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daniel.kaelin@swisstopo.ch



Aims

Why are we modelling?

- Assist the map making process:
 - Fieldwork planning: by providing **potential field outcrop locations**
 - Map content: by providing an **estimate of the map outcrop lines**
- Contribute to the map «explanatory guide»:
 - Figures: by providing basic **input for the geological profiles**
 - Text: section/chapter on «Modelling»
- Input for other products:
 - Update of 3D models e.g. **GeoMol** (Swiss Molasse Basin), Jura3D, Alps3D
 - **Geocover** (electronic map data set).

Main Benefits:

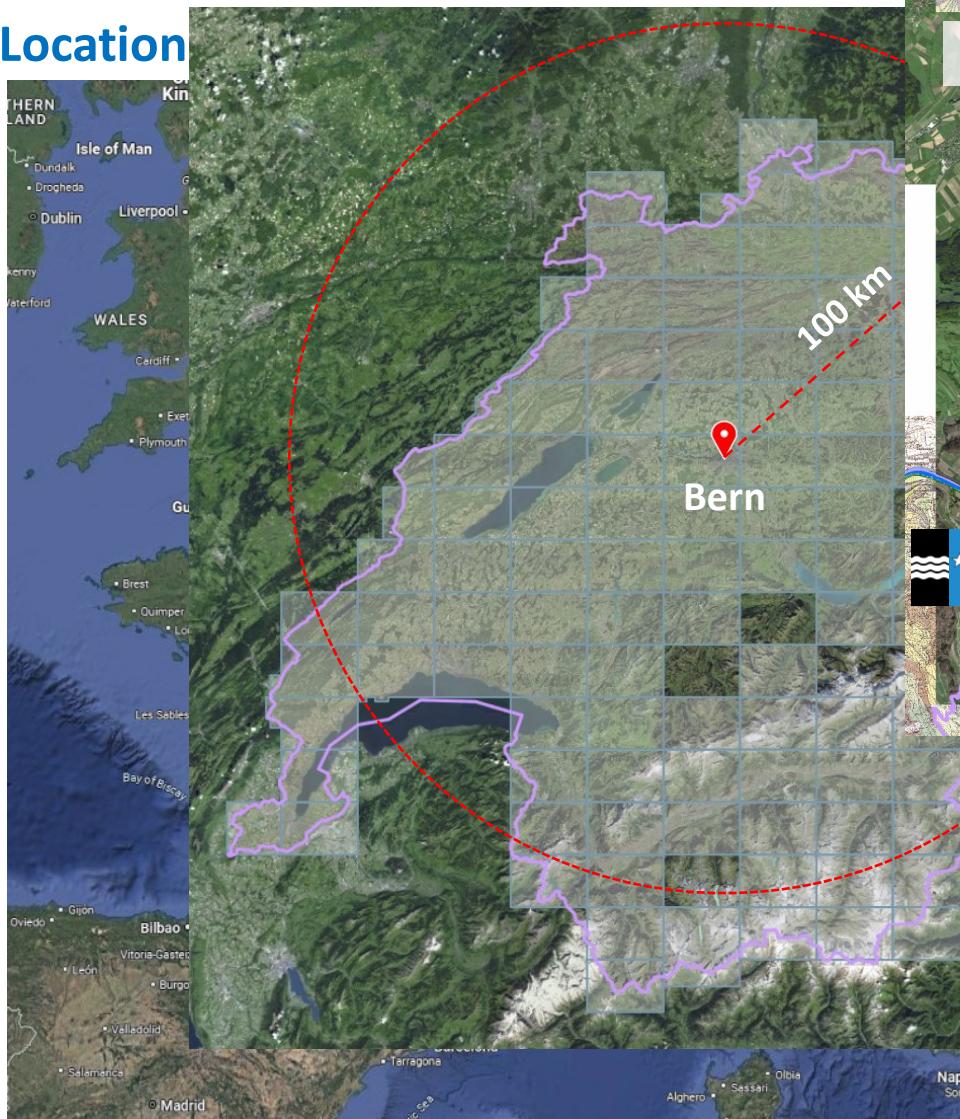
- more productive time in the field
- improved quality:
 - map outcrop lines
 - more coherent profiles
- improved efficiency across processes
- the basis for multiple products.

Example: the GA25 map sheet «Eglisau»



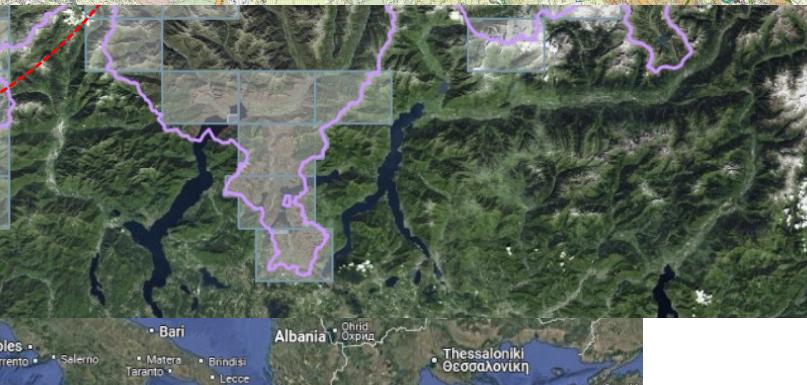
Location

Location



Surface Cover:

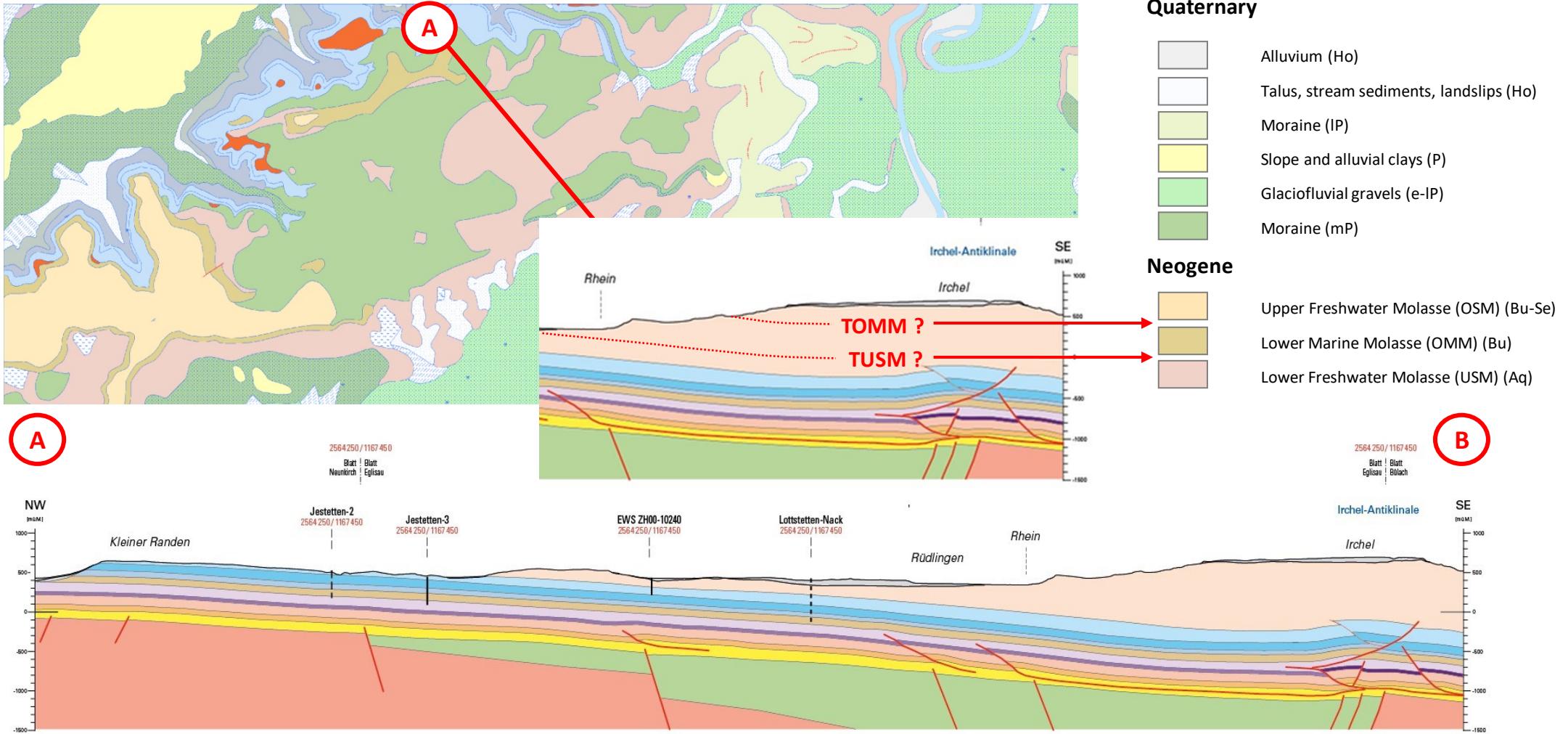
- Rivers 1%
- Urban 10 %
- Forrest 45%
- Agricul. 44%
- Rock outcrop <1%





Geology

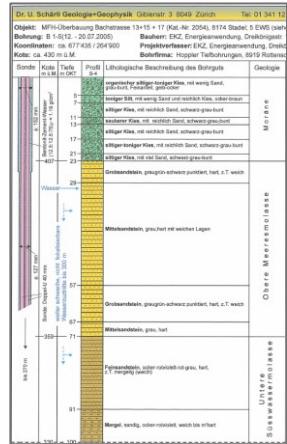
Stratigraphy of GA25 map sheet «Eglisau»



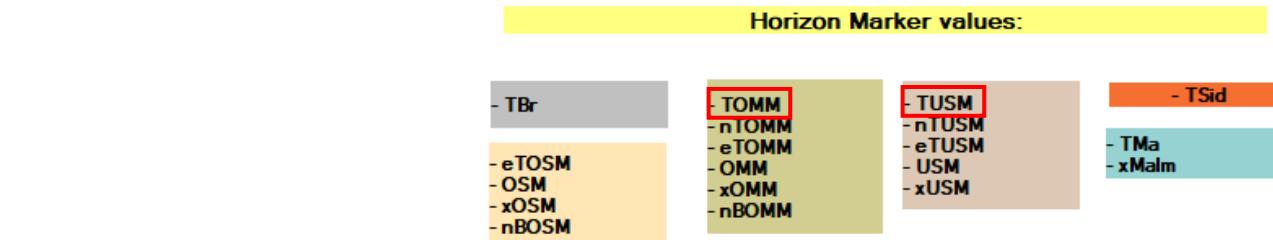


Modelling Data

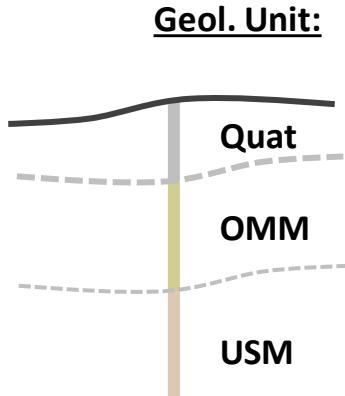
Geol. Unit/Horizon Codes



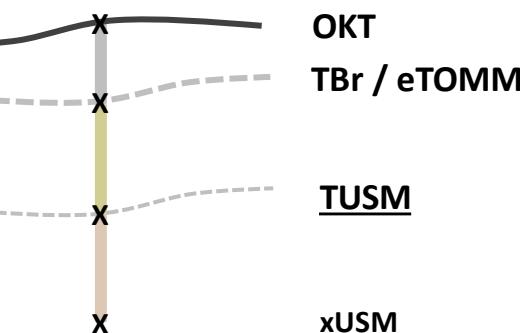
**Well Data
(Profile View)**



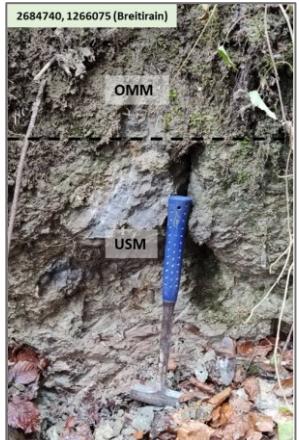
Geol. Unit:



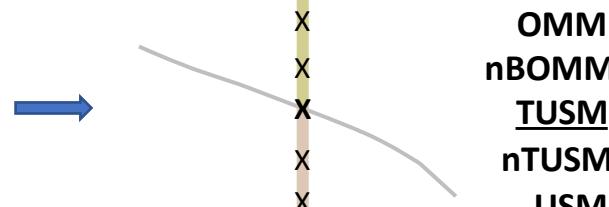
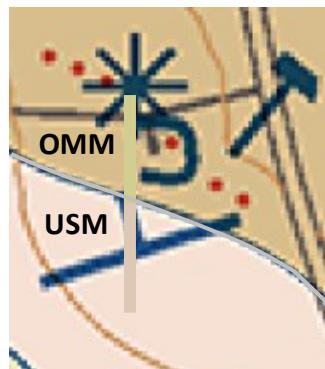
Horizon Code:



Notes: 1) the above logic applies to eTOSM/TOMM as well, 2) eTUSM also possible



**Outcrop Data
(Map View)**



Constraint Points:
cpTOMM and cpTUSM were
also derived from near base
or near top points.



Modelling Data

Borehole data

Borehole Data Challenges:

- Poor data quality (few verifiable sources e.g. PDFs)
- Various sources (n=8) with different table layouts.

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet titled "Bohrdaten_Modellierung_Eglisau_RELv2_20231027.xls [Compatibility Mode] - Excel". The main table (A1:J24) has columns: ID, Name, Name_orig, Source, Ort, Use (0/1), Datenty, XCoord, YCoord, OKT_mASL, Z. Rows 3 and 4 are highlighted in yellow. A red arrow points from the "Horizon" column in this table to a separate table below it.

	ID	Name	Name_orig	Source	Ort	Use (0/1)	Datenty	XCoord	YCoord	OKT_mASL	Z
1	113	2668520	1261770	-	Brüel Ehrendingen	1	1	2668520	1261770	437	7
3	67	2668846	1266952	-	Mühlebachstrasse, Wislikofen	1	1	2668846	1266952	501	4
4	68	2668863	1266998	-	Mühlebachstrasse, Wislikofen	1	1	2668863	1266998	524	0
5	69	2668907	1266976	-							
6	70	2668910	1267014	-							
7	45	2669150	1260890	-							
8	66	2669688	1267225	-							
9	65	2669964	1267175	-							
10	64	2670290	1267224	-							
11	47	2670300	1261800	-							
12	44	2670320	1267480	-							
13	120	2670493	1261512	-							
14	158	2670865	1266575	-							
15	157	2670867	1266613	-							
16	125	2670961	1261943	-							
17	62	2671005	1267259	-							
18	63	2671117	1267278	-							
19	48	2671620	1261060	-							
20	46	2672470	1261775	-							
21	205	2672602	1258255	-							
22	193	2672759	1257030	-							
23	176	2672770	1262075	-							
24	34	2672961	1265463	-							

A red arrow points from the "Horizon" column in the main table to the "Horizon" column in a smaller table below it. This table has columns: Use, Datenty, X, Y, MD, Z, Horizon, Comment. The "Horizon" column is highlighted in yellow.

Use	Datenty	X	Y	MD	Z	Horizon	Comment
1	1	2668846	1266952	5.80	495.60	TBr	-
1	1	2668846	1266952	5.80	495.60	eTOMM	Eroded TOMM
1	1	2668846	1266952	7.00	494.40	TUSM	-
1	1	2668846	1266952	14.40	487.00	xUSM	USM at bottom of well (NOT = BUSM)

On the right side of the screen, there is a geological log table titled "SONDIERBOHRUNG: BUCH a. Irchel / ZH" with columns: Tiefe ab OKT(m), Abs.Kote m ü.M, USCS, Bohrgutbeschreibung, and Glasserspiegel muOKT Abs.Höhe. A red arrow points from the "Horizon" column in the main table to the "Bohrung" column in this table.

Tiefe ab OKT(m)	Abs.Kote m ü.M	USCS	Bohrung	Glasserspiegel muOKT Abs.Höhe
- 22	ca.503	Quartär	toniger und sandiger Kies, ab 12 m mit vermehrt Komponenten aus Molasse Moräne	
- 24			Mergel, beige-gelb	
- 25			Sandstein, feinkörnig, braun-beige	
- 28			Mergel, beige	
- 40			Mergelsandstein, z.T. rötlich gefärbt und Sandstein, feinkörnig, braun-beige	
- 44			Mergel, braun-beige	
- 52	ca.465		Sandstein, feinkörnig, braun-beige	
- 60			Mergel, beige	
- 64			Obere Süßwassermolasse	
- 68			Mergel und Mergelsandstein, grau mit Kohle	
- 72			Mergel, hell-grau	
- 78			Sandstein, feinkörnig, hell-grau	
- 86			Mergel und Mergelsandstein, hell-grau	
- 90			Sandstein, feinkörnig, hell-grau	
- 96			Mergel, beige-grau	
- 102			Mergelsandstein, hell-grau und Sandstein, feinkörnig, hell-grau	
- 110			Sandstein, fein-mittelskörnig, hell-grau	
(Endteufe)			Mergelsandstein, hell-grau und Sandstein, feinkörnig, grau	
			Obere Meeresmolasse	X

Below the geological log table, there is a note: "Probenabstand: 2 m".



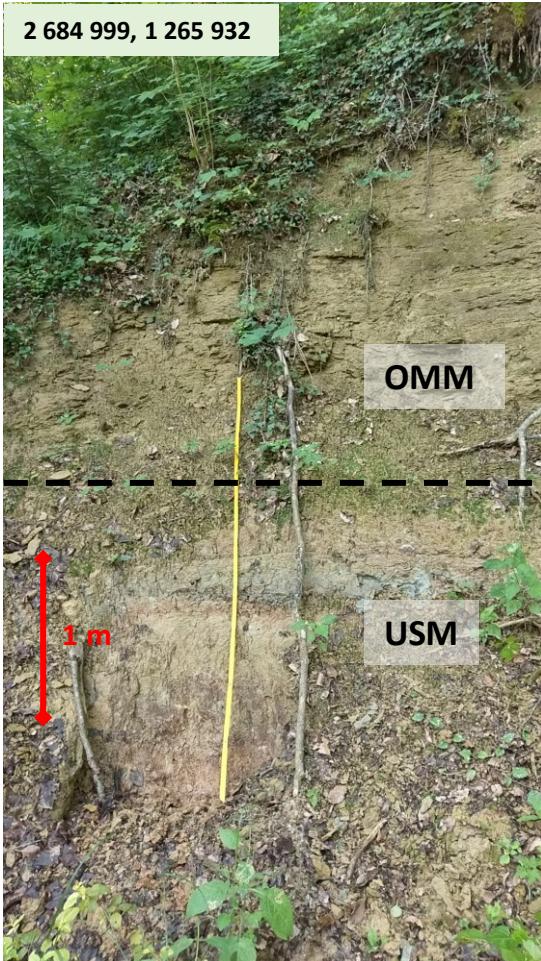
Modelling Data

Outcrop data 1/2

Outcrop Data Challenges:

- Low number of good outcrops
- Almost no horizon tops!

First prize ...



Last prize ...



No prize ...



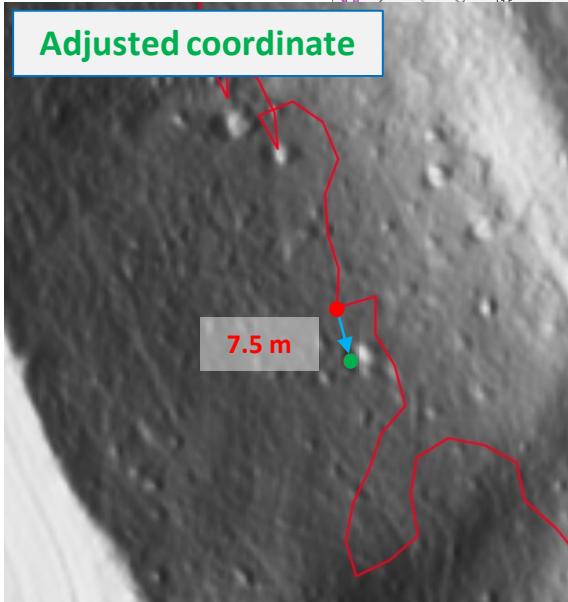


Modelling Data

Outcrop data 2/2

Field Trips:

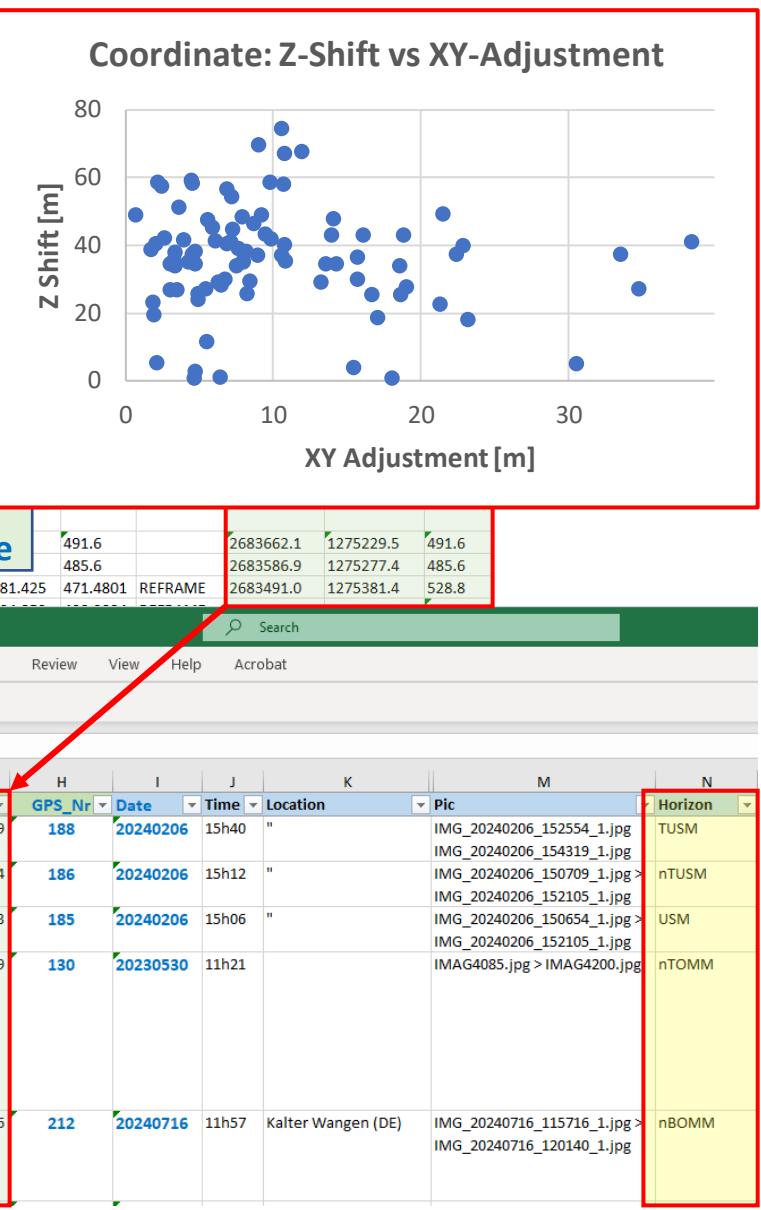
- 📁 20230418
- 📁 20230426
- 📁 20230524
- 📁 20230530
- 📁 20230606
- 📁 20230706
- 📁 20230717
- 📁 20231219
- 📁 20240206
- 📁 20240326
- 📁 20240716 → **Coords**
- 📁 20241003 → **Maps**
- 📁 20241023 → **Pics**



Transformed and corrected coordinates ...					
F	G	H	I	J	K
Lon, LV95)	Waypoint File	Date	Time	Coordinates - Conv.	
Source1				X2	Y2
map.geo.admin			-	2674790.4	12669
Garmin GPSmap 62sc		11h22		2674843.143	12670
Garmin GPSmap 62sc					
Garmin GPSmap 62sc					
Garmin GPSmap 62sc					
Garmin GPSmap 62sc					
Garmin GPSmap 62sc					
map.geo.admin					
map.geo.admin					
Garmin GPSmap 62sc	Waypoints_06-JUN-23.gpx	09h55		2683491.002	1275381.425
Garmin GPSmap 62sc				471.4801	REFRAME
Garmin GPSmap 62sc				2683491.0	1275381.4
Garmin GPSmap 62sc					528.8
Garmin GPSmap 62sc					
Garmin GPSmap 62sc					
Garmin GPSmap 62sc					
Garmin GPSmap 62sc					
Garmin GPSmap 62sc					

Tools:

- REFRAME
- mag.geo.admin + Hillshade





Modelling Data

Overview - all available data

Boreholes Markers (nBH=352, nBHm=902)

- TOMM (n=57) **16%, 6%**
- TUSM (n= 79) **22%, 9%**

Outcrops (nOC=166)

- TOMM (n=1) **<1%**
- TUSM (n=6) **4%**
- nTUSM, nTOMM...

Manual Constraint Points (CPs):

- TOMM (n=10)
- TUSM (n=20)

GA25 Map Sheets

- Neunkirch (N), Diessenhofen (NE)
- Andelfingen (E), Winterthur (SE)
- Bülach (S), Baden (SW)
- Zurzach (W)

TK500

- Anticlines/Synclines
- Fault zones

GeoMol

- Faults (proj.) [Nagra, Etappe 2]

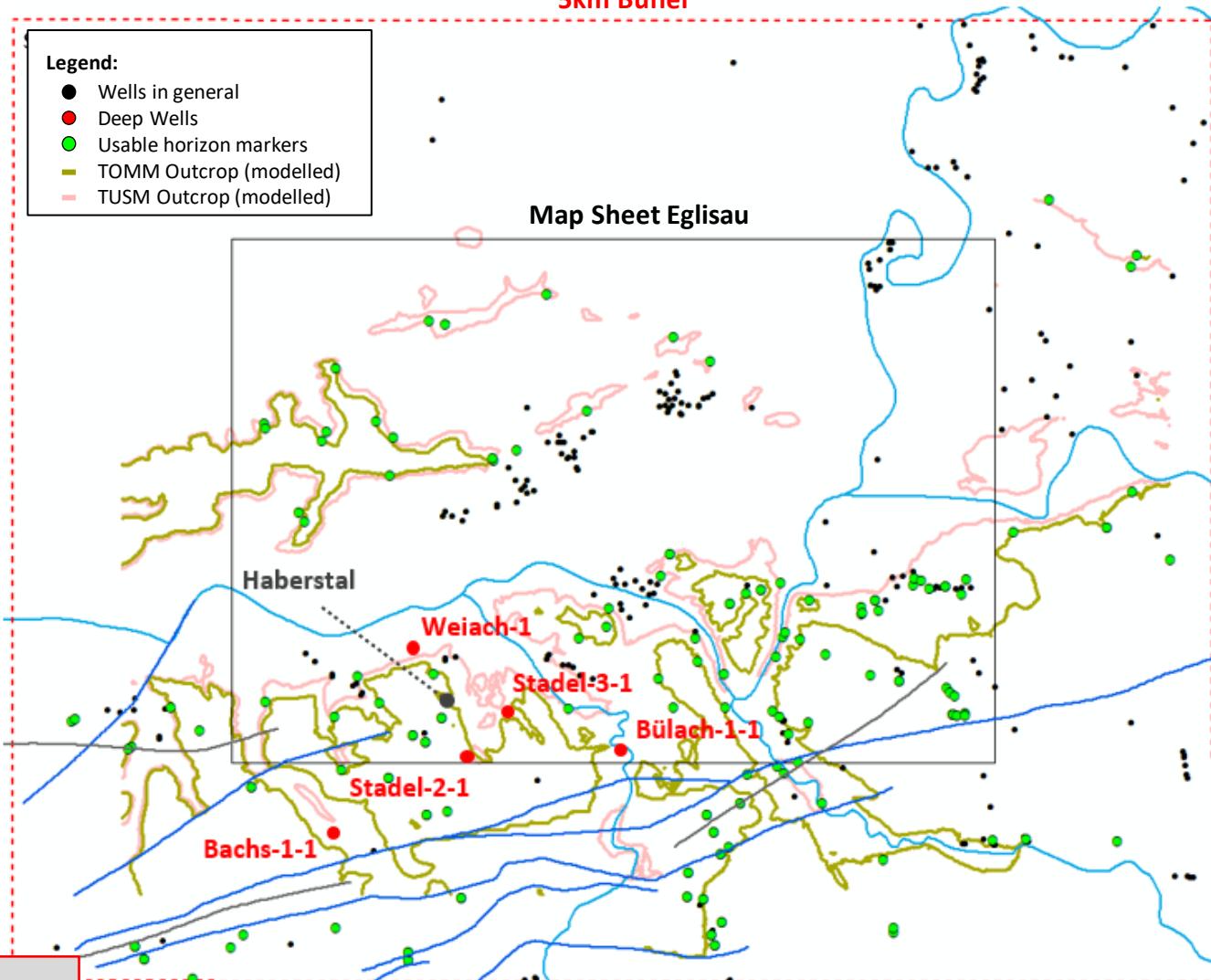
Main Challenge:

- <14% of all geol. horizon codes are actual tops

Legend:
● Wells in general
● Deep Wells
● Usable horizon markers
— TOMM Outcrop (modelled)
— TUSM Outcrop (modelled)

5km Buffer

Map Sheet Eglisau



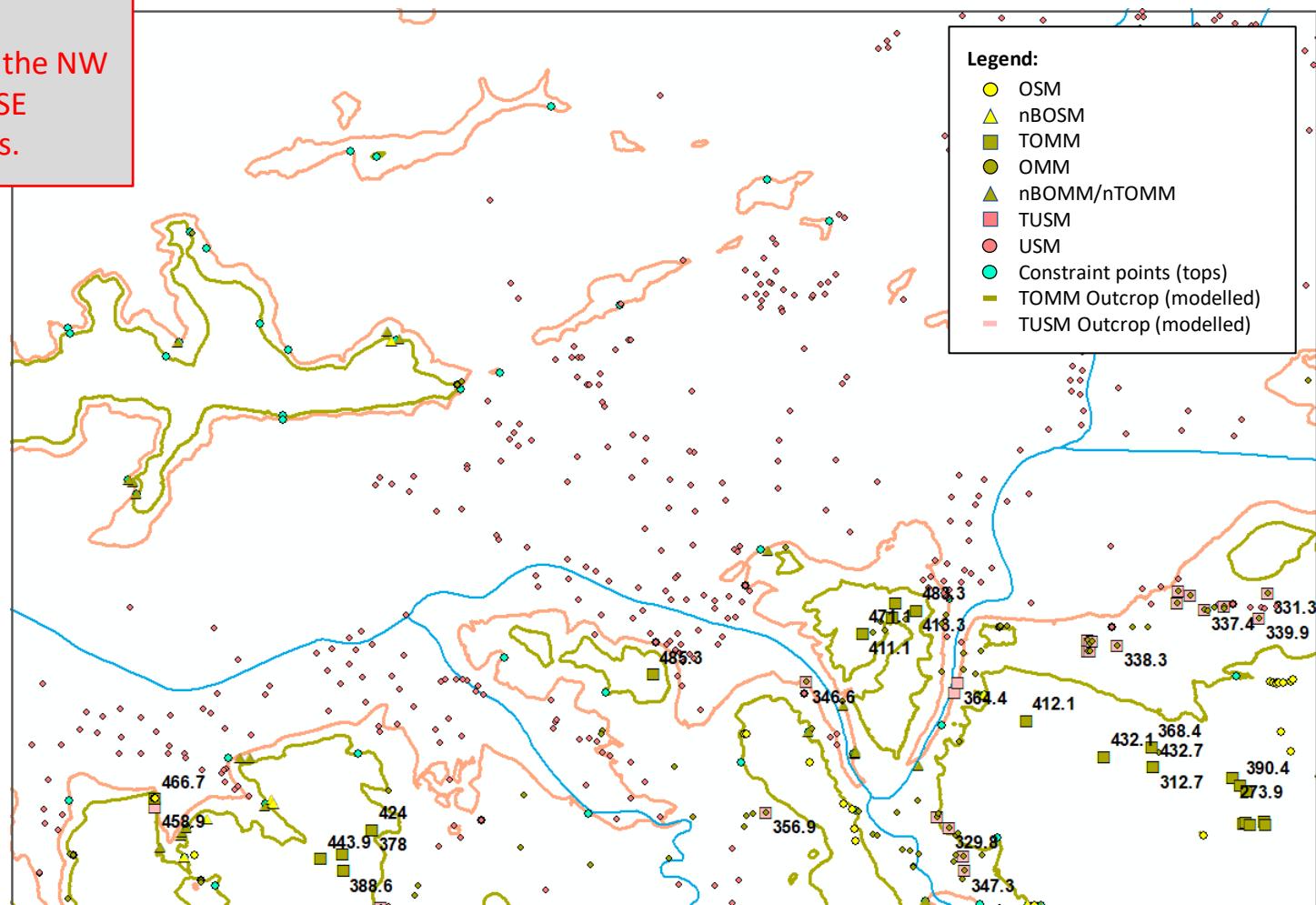


Modelling Data

Distribution of horizon tops

Main Challenges:

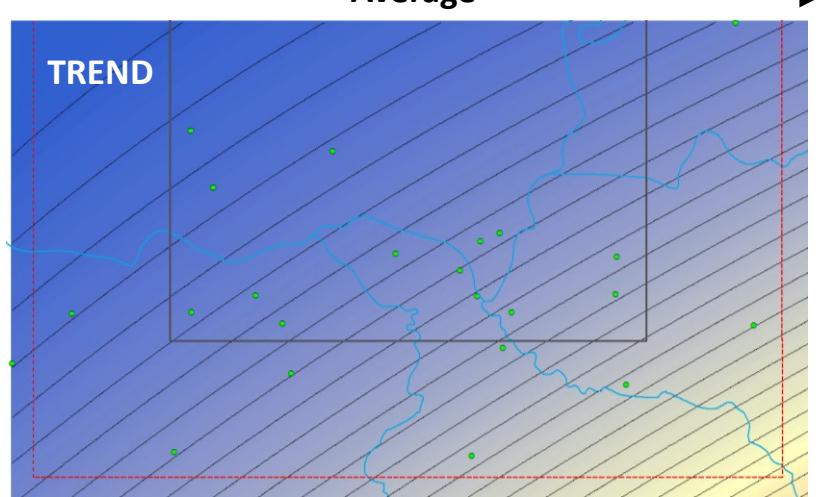
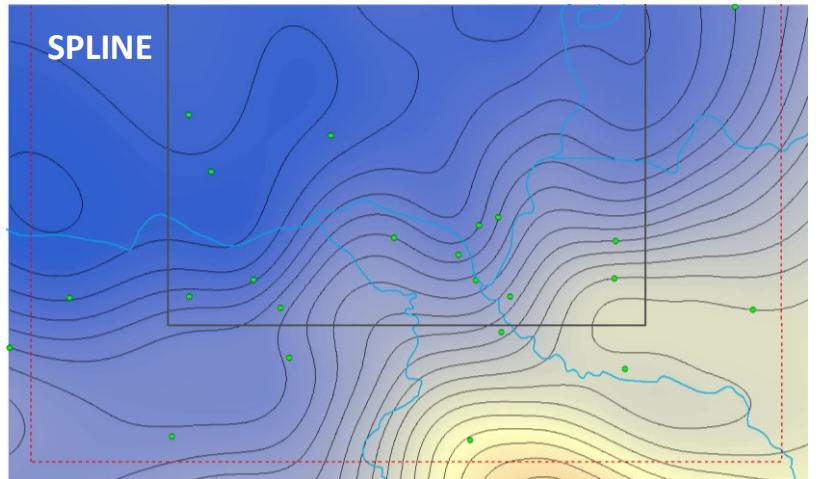
- Insufficient number of tops, especially in the NW
- Predominantly USM in NW and OMM in SE
- Very few primary TOMM-TUSM data pairs.





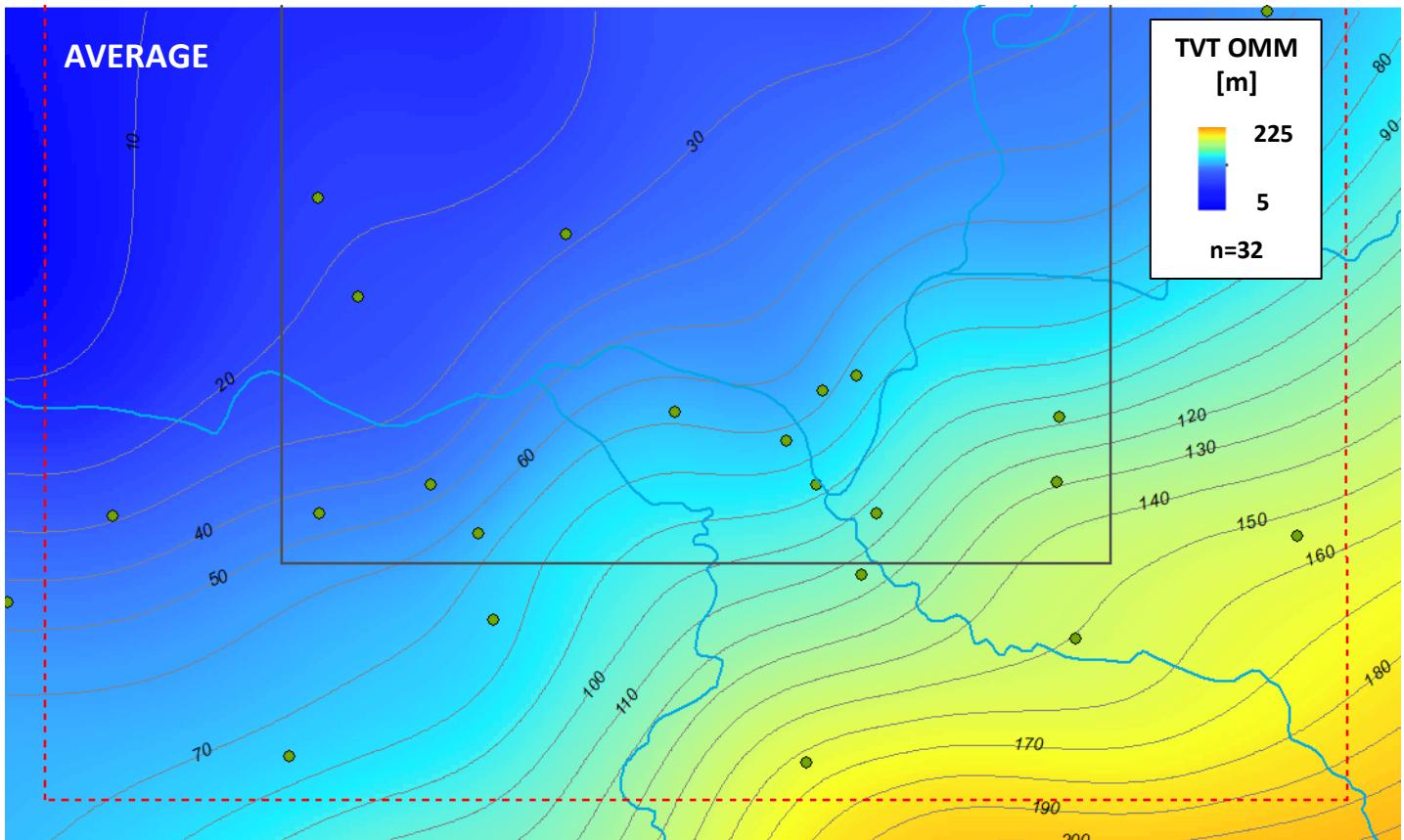
Modelling Data

OMM “average” thickness grid used to generate missing tops in TOMM-TUSM pairs



Average →

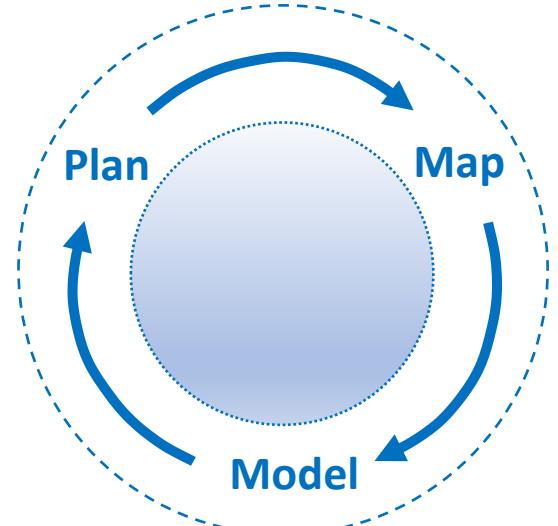
This method more than doubled the number of usable TOMM-TUSM pairs!





Modelling Data

Outcrop mapping cycle

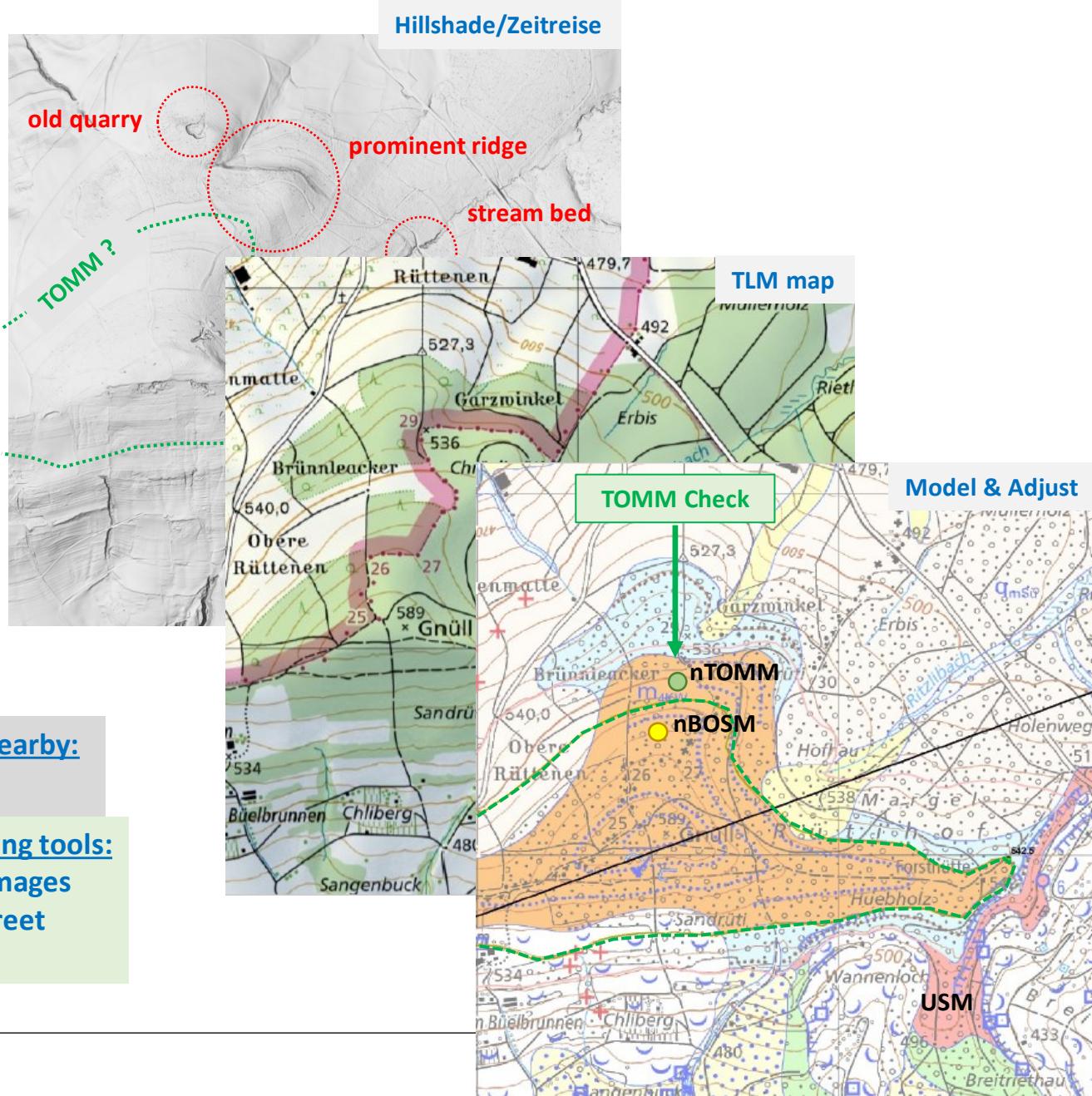


Identify potential mapping locations based on nearby:

- stream/river beds
- (old) quarries
- road/track/path cuttings
- ridges/cliffs
- bedrock

Other planning tools:

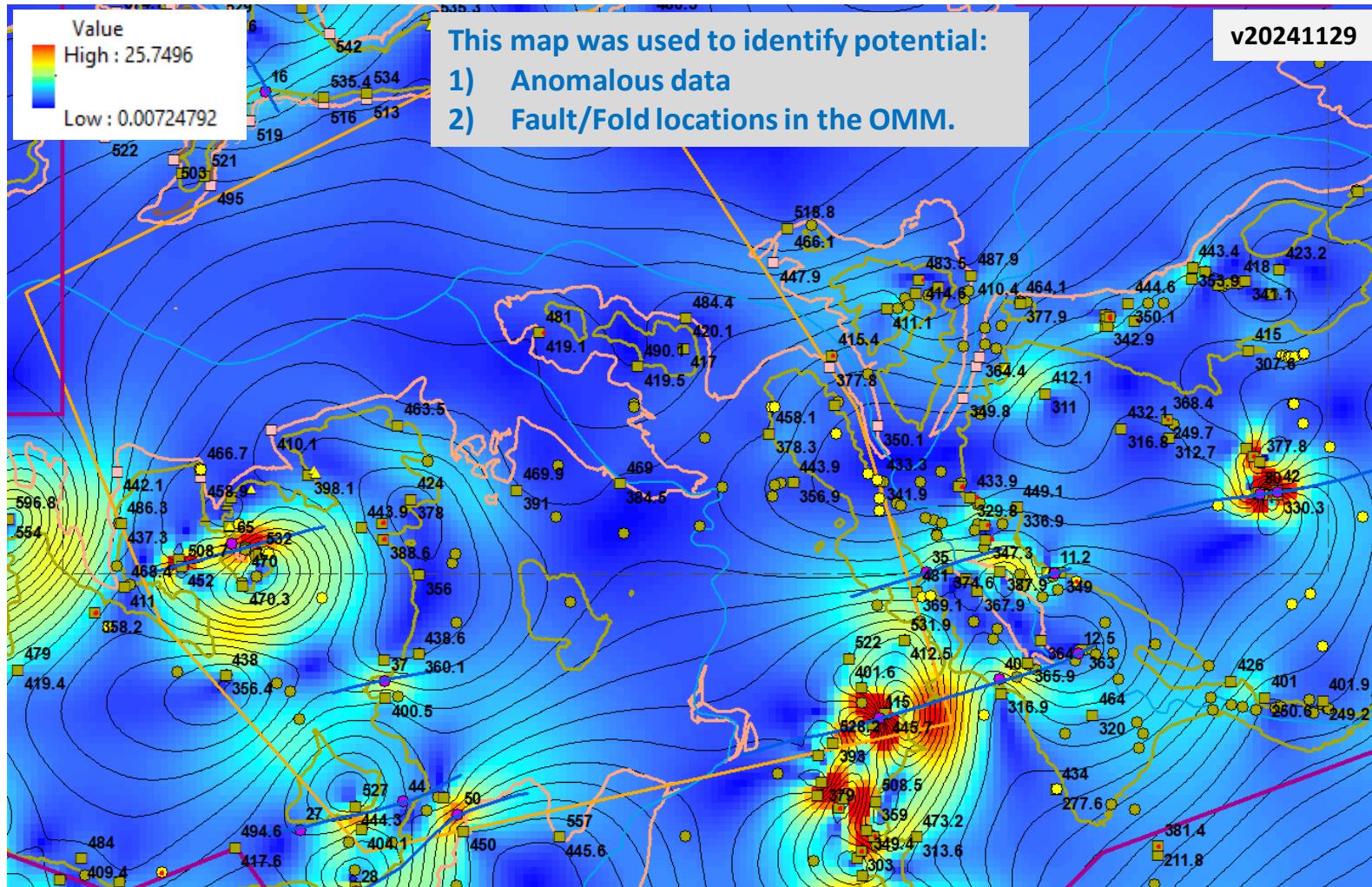
- Satellite images
- Google Street View





Model Analysis and QC

TOMM horizon surface gridded WITHOUT faults highlights Dip anomalies

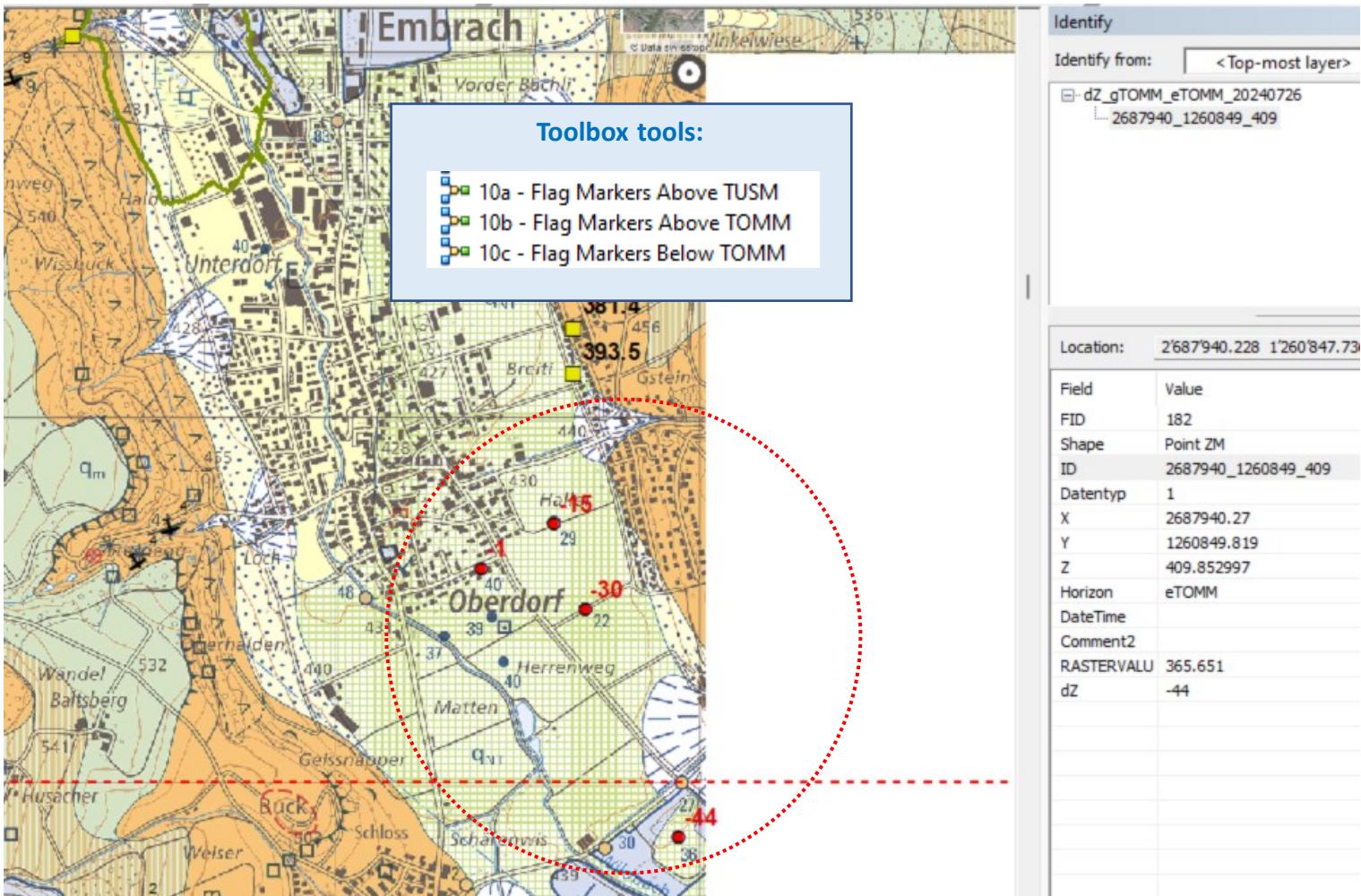




Model Analysis and QC

QC of borehole data

eTOMM errors - Embrach (2669539, 1263414), GA25 sheet «Bülach»

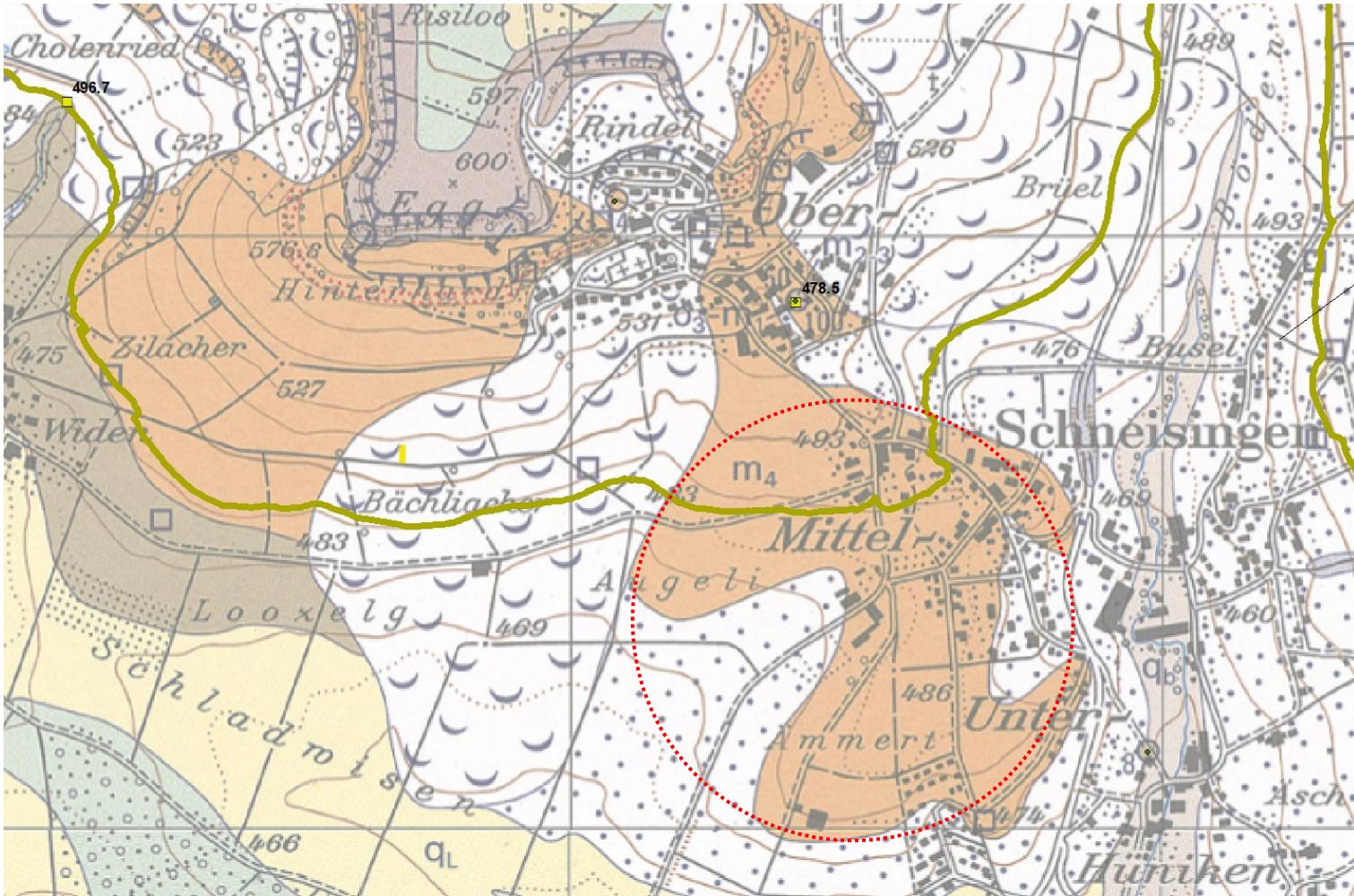




Model Analysis and QC

QC of existing map sheets

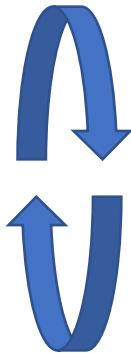
Error OSM - Schneisingen (2669539, 1263414), GA25 sheet «Baden»



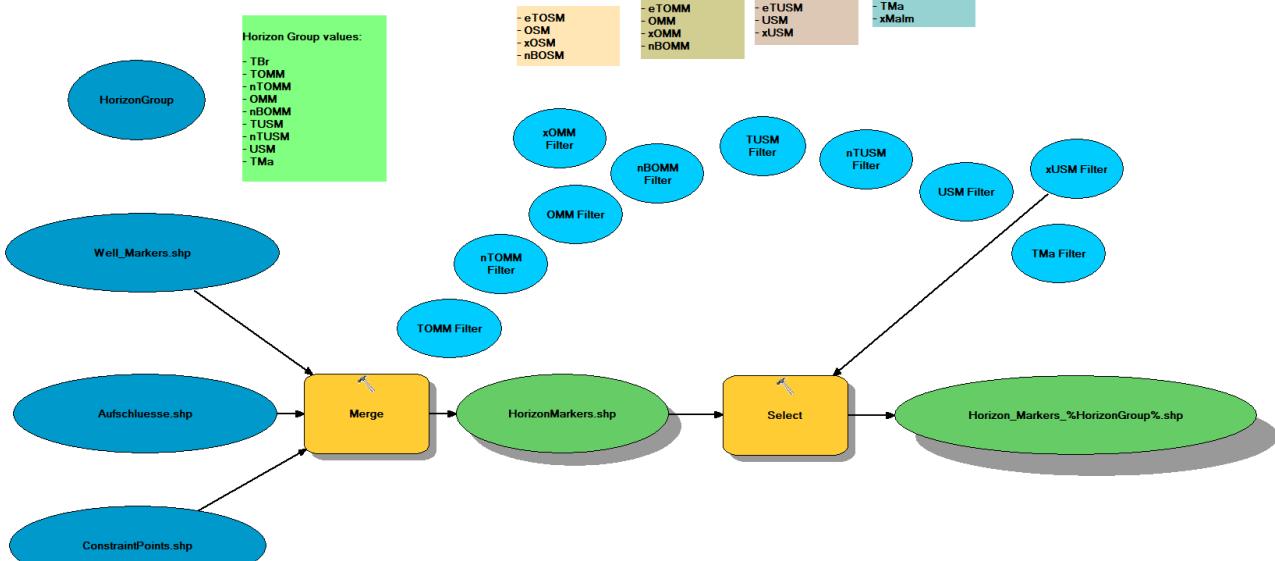


Modelling Workflow

(Semi)automated ... as far as possible ...



- Eglisau_20240924.tbx
 - ▢ 00 - Delete_TempFiles
 - ▢ 01 - Eglisau Buffer 5km - BROKEN
 - ▢ 01 - Raster to GDB
 - ▢ 02a - Select InfoGeoPoints - Blatt Eglisau +5km
 - ▢ 02b - Select InfoGeoPoints - Buffer Zone Only
 - ▢ 02c - Select InfoGeoPoints - Not Lockergestein
 - ▢ 03a - Select Hillshade raster - Blatt Eglisau + 5km
 - ▢ 03b - Select ALTI3DRegio - ModelData Limit
 - ▢ 04a - Merge Geocover Well Points
 - ▢ 04b - Generate GCWPt Horizon Markers
 - ▢ 06a - XLS to DB
 - ▢ 07a - Generate TVT_OMM Data - BHs - ONCE ONLY
 - ▢ 07b - Generate TVT_OMM Data - OCs - ONCE ONLY
 - ▢ 07c - Merge TVT_OMMs - ONCE ONLY
 - ▢ 07d - Interpolate TVT - Spline and Trend
 - ▢ 07e - Gen Ave TVT Grid
 - ▢ 08a - Generate BH CPs from TVT - TOMM
 - ▢ 08b - Generate BH CPs from TVT - TUSM
 - ▢ 08c - Generate CP CPs from TVT - TOMM
 - ▢ 08d - Generate CP CPs from TVT - TUSM
 - ▢ 08e - Merge and Filter - Horizon Markers
 - ▢ 08f - Generate Use 0 Buffers - ONCE ONLY
 - ▢ 09a - Flag Horizon Markers - Use 0
 - ▢ 09b - Interpolate Horizon - RBF - AnomDect - TEST
 - ▢ 09c - Interpolate Horizon - TTR - AnomDect - TEST
 - ▢ 09d - Interpolate Horizon - Spline - without Faults
 - ▢ 09e - Interpolate Horizon - SWB - with Faults
 - ▢ 09f - Generate Horizon Contours

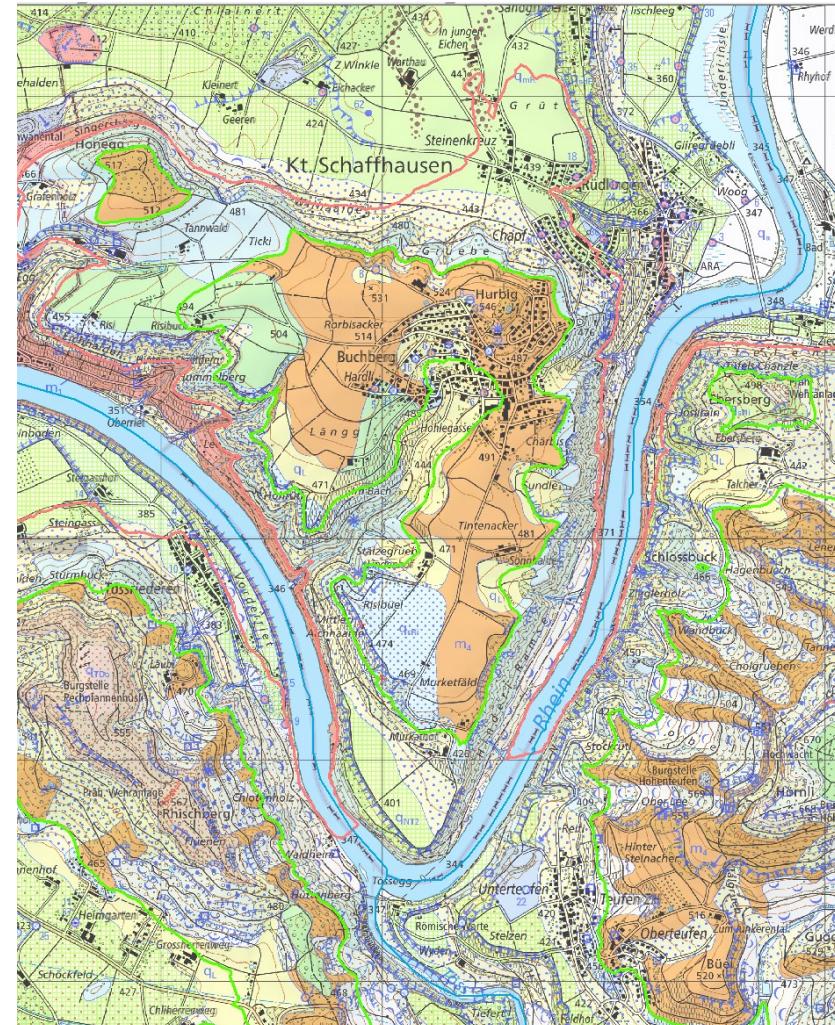
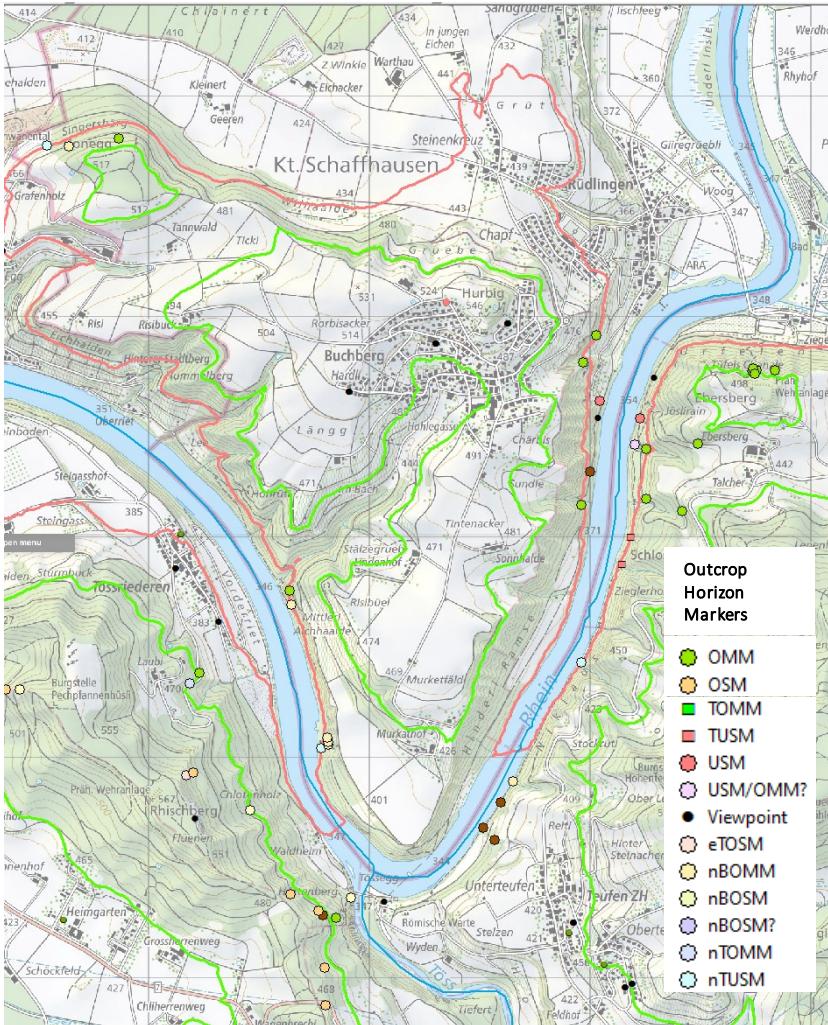


ArcGIS Toolbox: Semi-automated
modelling workflow enables faster
turnaround and more model iterations.



Modelling Output

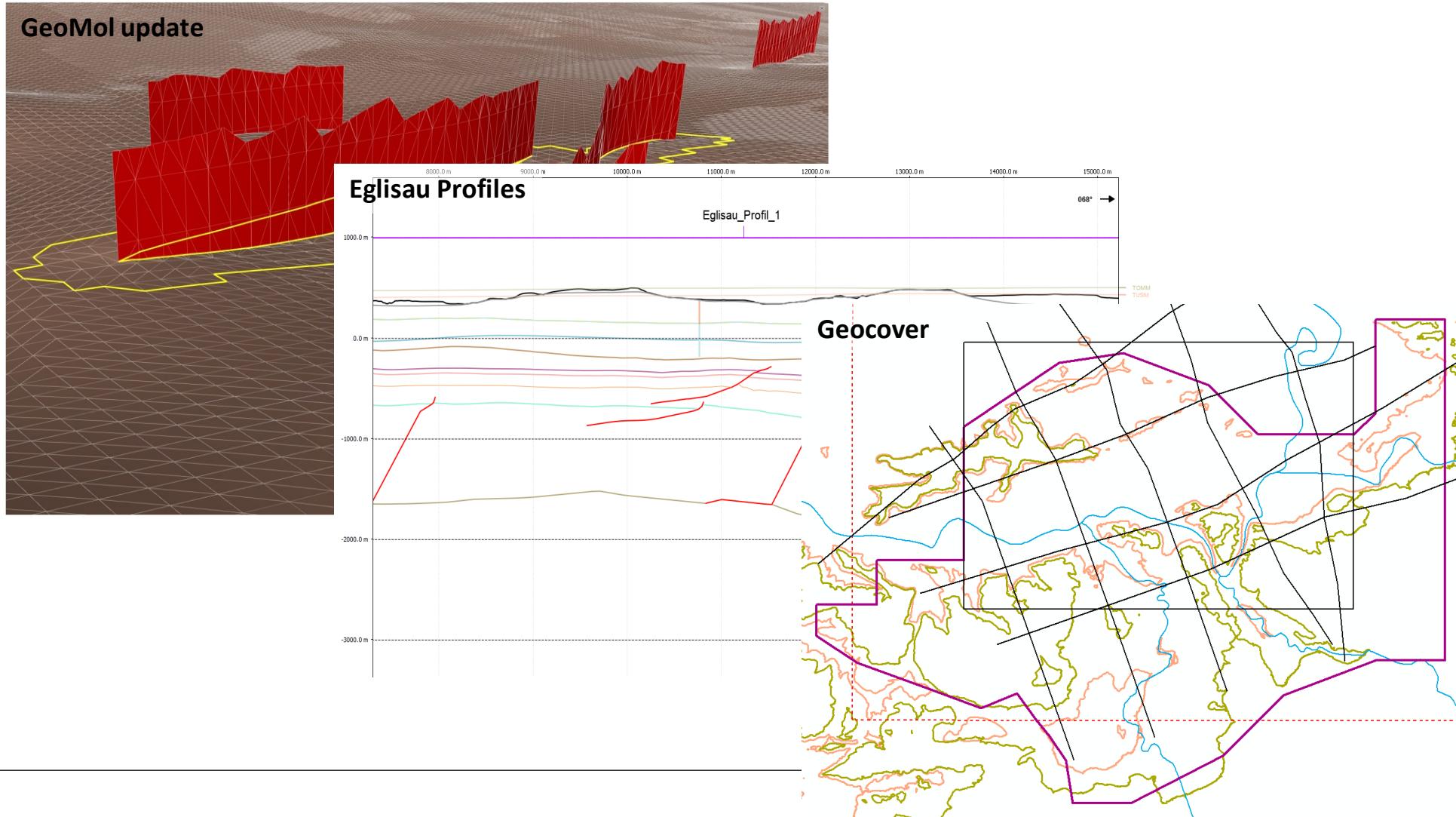
Modelled Outcrop Lines > Input for GA25 map sheet Eglisau





Modelling Output

Horizon surfaces and outcrop lines for GeoMol update, Eglisau profiles and GeoCover ...





Questions?

Thank you ...